# School Accountability Report Card Reported Using Data from the 2010-11 School Year Published During 2011-12

Every school in California is required by state law to publish a School Accountability Report Card (SARC), by February 1 of each year. The SARC contains information about the condition and performance of each California public school.

- For more information about SARC requirements, see the California Department of Education (CDE) SARC webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa/.
- For additional information about the school, parents and community members should contact the school principal or the district office.

#### I. Data and Access

#### **EdData Partnership Web Site**

EdData is a partnership of the CDE, EdSource, and the Fiscal Crisis Management and Assistance Team (FCMAT) that provides extensive financial, demographic, and performance information about California's public kindergarten through grade twelve school districts and schools.

#### **DataQuest**

DataQuest is an online data tool located on the CDE DataQuest webpage at <a href="http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/">http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/</a> that contains additional information about this school and comparisons of the school to the district, the county, and the state. Specifically, DataQuest is a dynamic system that provides reports for accountability (e.g., state Academic Performance Index [API], federal Adequate Yearly Progress [AYP]), test data, enrollment, high school graduates, dropouts, course enrollments, staffing, and data regarding English learners.

#### **Internet Access**

Internet access is available at public libraries and other locations that are publicly accessible. Access to the Internet at libraries and public locations is generally provided on a first-come, first-served basis. Other use restrictions may include the hours of operation, the length of time that a workstation may be used (depending on availability), the types of software programs available on a workstation, and the ability to print documents.

# **II. About This School**

Contact Information (School Year 2011-12)

	School	District		
School Name	Willows Community High School	District Name Willows Unified School District		
Street	823 West Laurel Street	Phone Number	(530) 934-6600	
City, State, Zip	Willows, CA 95988	Web Site	www.willowsunified.org	
Phone Number	(530) 934-6605	Superintendent	Mort Geivett, Ed.D.	
Principal	Dr. Mort Geivett	E-mail Address	kschmies@willowsunified.org	
E-mail Address	mgeivett@willowsunified.org	CDS Code	11-62661-1130038	

### School Description and Mission Statement (School Year 2010-11)

This section provides information about the school, its programs and its goals.

Willows Community High School (WCHS) is in the Willows Unified School District and serves students in grades 9-12. WCHS is an alternative educational setting designed to provide a comprehensive curriculum to meet the need of students at risk.

"A PLACE TO GROW IN THE PRESENT, PREPARE FOR THE FUTURE AND OFFER SUCCESS FOR ALL" Dr. Mort Geivett, PRINCIPAL

#### Opportunities for Parental Involvement (School Year 2010-11)

This section provides information on how parents can become involved in school activities, including contact information pertaining to organized opportunities for parent involvement.

Parents have several opportunities to become involved in their child's education through Back to School Night, School Site Council, and Parent Volunteer Participation. Please contact the school principal, Dr. Mort Geivett, to find out how you can participate.

Student Enrollment by Grade Level (School Year 2010-11)

Grade Level	Number of Students
Grade 9	6
Grade 10	6
Grade 11	8
Grade 12	5
Total Enrollment	25

Student Enrollment by Group (School Year 2010-11)

Group	Percent of Total Enrollment	Group	Percent of Total Enrollment
Black or African American	0	White	44.
American Indian or Alaska Native		Two or More Races	0
Asian		Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	76
Filipino	0	English Learners	.04
Hispanic or Latino	44.	Students with Disabilities	0
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0		

**Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Secondary)** 

Attornage Grace Grace			8-09		2009-10		2010-11						
Subject	Avg.	Numbe	r of Clas	srooms	Avg.					Avg.	Numbe	er of Clas	srooms
	Class Size	1-22	23-32	33+	Class Size	1-22	23-32	33+	Class Size	1-22	23-32	33+	
English	12	2	0	0	10	2			9	2	0	0	
Mathematics	13.5	2	0	0	12	2			12	2	0	0	
Science	0	0	0	0					4	1	0	0	
Social Science	6.7	3	0	0	8	3			8	2	0	0	

<sup>\*</sup> Number of classes indicates how many classrooms fall into each size category (a range of total students per classroom). At the secondary school level, this information is reported by subject area rather than grade level.

## **III. School Climate**

#### School Safety Plan (School Year 2010-11)

This section provides information about the school's comprehensive safety plan, including the dates on which the safety plan was last reviewed, updated, and discussed with faculty; as well as a brief description of the key elements of the plan.

An extensive school safety plan, updated annually, in accordance with SB 187, has been developed and implemented. This plan includes the following emergency procedures: traumatic incidents, imminent danger procedure-Code Red, evacuation/relocation procedure, civil defense/disorder, bomb threat/bomb emergency, earthquake, chemical spill, crime in progress, and fire/explosion. Staff and students practice fire, earthquake, and the Code Red Lockdown each semester. Teachers and students are familiar with the procedures. Safety is high priority at Willows Community High School.

Suspensions and Expulsions

		School		District		
Rate	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11
Suspensions	48.39	110.71	40.	13.33	30.44	10.0
Expulsions	6.45	7.14	12.	0.64	0.59	.25

<sup>\*</sup> The rate of suspensions and expulsions is calculated by dividing the total number of incidents by the total enrollment (and multiplying by 100).

## IV. School Facilities

#### School Facility Conditions and Planned Improvements (School Year 2011-12)

This section provides information from the most recent Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) data (or equivalent), including:

- · Description of the safety, cleanliness, and adequacy of the school facility
- · Description of any planned or recently completed facility improvements
- The year and month in which the data were collected
- · Description of any needed maintenance to ensure good repair

#### Year and month in which data were collected: 08/26/2011

The safety, cleanliness, and adequacy of school facilities, including any needed maintenance to ensure good repair of the buildings are important to the school and district. A description of the condition and cleanliness of the school grounds, buildings, and restrooms are available.

The facility consists of a new state funded permanent building and four portable buildings. Lunches are prepared at the comprehensive high school and transported to our facility on a daily basis. A part-time custodian and the district maintenance and grounds personnel help to provide safe, clean, and well-kept classrooms, offices, and restrooms.

In August 2007, the District Office relocated to the west side of the permanent building. The relocation has been successful for both the District and the Community High School.

To determine the condition of our facilities, our district sent experts from our facilities team to perform an inspection using a survey called the Facilities Inspection Tool, which is issued by the Office of Public School Construction. Based on that survey, we've answered the questions you see on this report. Please note that the information reflects the condition of our buildings as of the date of the report. Since that time, those conditions may have changed.

## School Facility Good Repair Status (School Year 2011-12)

This section provides information from the most recent Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) data (or equivalent), including:

- · Determination of repair status for systems listed
- Description of any needed maintenance to ensure good repair
- The Overall Rating (bottom row)

Custom Inspected		Repair S	Status	Repair Needed and	
System Inspected	Exemplary	Good	Fair	Poor	Action Taken or Planned
Systems: Gas Leaks, Mechanical/HVAC, Sewer	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Interior: Interior Surfaces	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Cleanliness: Overall Cleanliness, Pest/ Vermin Infestation	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Electrical: Electrical	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Restrooms/Fountains: Restrooms, Sinks/ Fountains	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Safety: Fire Safety, Hazardous Materials	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Structural: Structural Damage, Roofs	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
External: Playground/School Grounds, Windows/ Doors/Gates/Fences	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Overall Rating	[]	[X]	[]	[]	

# V. Teachers

#### **Teacher Credentials**

Toologe		District		
Teachers	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2010-11
With Full Credential	4	2	1	61
Without Full Credential	0	0	0	0
Teaching Outside Subject Area of Competence	1	1	0	

**Teacher Misassignments and Vacant Teacher Positions** 

Indicator	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners	1	1	1
Total Teacher Misassignments	1	1	1
Vacant Teacher Positions	0	0	0

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Misassignments" refers to the number of positions filled by teachers who lack legal authorization to teach that grade level, subject area, student group, etc.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Vacant Teacher Positions" refer to positions not filled by a single designated teacher assigned to teach the entire course at the beginning of the school year or semester.

#### Core Academic Classes Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers (School Year 2010-11)

The Federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), also known as No Child Left Behind (NCLB), requires that core academic subjects be taught by Highly Qualified Teachers, defined as having at least a bachelor's degree, an appropriate California teaching credential, and demonstrated core academic subject area competence. For more information, see the CDE Improving Teacher

and Principal Quality webpage at: http://www.cde.ca.gov/nclb/sr/tq/

Location of Classes	Percent of Classes In Core Academic Subjects Taught by				
Location of Classes	NCLB Compliant Teachers	Non-NCLB Compliant Teachers			
This School	100	0			
All Schools in District	100	0			
High-Poverty Schools in District	100	0			
Low-Poverty Schools in District	0	0			

High-poverty schools are defined as those schools with student eligibility of approximately 40 percent or more in the free and reduced price meals program. Low-poverty schools are those with student eligibility of approximately 25 percent or less in the free and reduced price meals program.

# VI. Support Staff

Academic Counselors and Other Support Staff (School Year 2010-11)

Title	Number of FTE Assigned to School	Average Number of Students per Academic Counselor
Academic Counselor		25
Counselor (Social/Behavioral or Career Development)	0.5	
Library Media Teacher (Librarian)		
Library Media Services Staff (paraprofessional)		
Psychologist		
Social Worker		
Nurse		
Speech/Language/Hearing Specialist		
Resource Specialist (non-teaching)		
Other		

One Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) equals one staff member working full-time; one FTE could also represent two staff members who each work 50 percent of full-time.

# VII. Curriculum and Instructional Materials

#### Quality, Currency, Availability of Textbooks and Instructional Materials (School Year 2011-12)

This section describes whether the textbooks and instructional materials used at the school are from the most recent adoption; whether there are sufficient textbooks and instruction materials for each student; and information about the school's use of any supplemental curriculum or non-adopted textbooks or instructional materials.

#### Year and month in which data were collected: 08/2011

The Williams legislation demands that all schools have enough books in core classes for all students. The law also demands districts to purchase standard-based textbooks that align to the California State Standards.

Core Curriculum Area	Textbooks and Instructional Materials/ Year of Adoption	From Most Recent Adoption?	Percent of Students Lacking Own Assigned Copy
Reading/Language Arts	Elements of Writing Holt, Rinehart & Winston Writers Choice 11 & 12 Glenco-McGraw Hill	Yes	0
	Language McDougal Littell		
Mathematics	Algebra I & Pre-Algebra Prentice-Hall	Yes	0
Science	Biology Today Holt, Rinehart & Winston	Yes	0
History-Social Science	The Americans McDougal Littell	Yes	0
	Modern World History McDougal Littell		

#### VIII. School Finances

Expenditures Per Pupil and School Site Teacher Salaries (Fiscal Year 2009-10)

Level	Total Expenditures Per Pupil	Expenditures Per Pupil (Supplemental/ Restricted)	Expenditures Per Pupil (Basic/ Unrestricted)	Average Teacher Salary
School Site	13,859	0	13,859	72,566
District				\$72,566
Percent Difference: School Site and District				
State			\$5,455	77,611
Percent Difference: School Site and State				

<sup>\*</sup> Supplemental/Restricted expenditures come from money whose use is controlled by law or by a donor. Money that is designated for specific purposes by the district or governing board is not considered restricted.
Basic/Unrestricted expenditures are from money whose use, except for general guidelines, is not controlled by law or by a donor.

For detailed information on school expenditures for all districts in California, see the CDE Current Expense of Education & Per-pupil Spending webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/. For information on teacher salaries for all districts in California, see the CDE Certificated Salaries & Benefits webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/. To look up expenditures and salaries for a specific school district, see the Ed-Data Web site at: http://www.ed-data.org.

#### Types of Services Funded (Fiscal Year 2010-11)

This section provides specific information about the types of programs and services available at the school that support and assists students. For example, this narrative may include information about supplemental educational services related to the school's federal Program Improvement (PI) status.

We are required to report financial data from the 2009-10 school year by the California Department of Education. More recent financial data is available on request from the district office.

#### Spending per Student:

To make comparisons possible across schools and districts of varying sizes, we first report our overall spending per student. We base our calculations on our average daily attendance (ADA) for the 2009-10 school year.

We've broken down expenditures by the type of funds used to pay for them. Unrestricted funds can be used for any lawful purpose. Restricted funds, however, must be spent for specific purposes set out by legal requirements or the donor. Examples include funding for instructional materials, economic impact aid, and teacher and principal training funds.

Next to the figures for the district and state averages, we show the percentage by which the school's spending varies from the district and state averages. For example, we calculate the school's variance from the district average using this formula:

Teacher and Administrative Salaries (Fiscal Year 2009-10)

Category	District Amount	State Average for Districts In Same Category
Beginning Teacher Salary	\$53,285	41,262
Mid-Range Teacher Salary	\$69,084	65,368
Highest Teacher Salary	\$83,230	86,173
Average Principal Salary (Elementary)	\$105,437	\$95,926
Average Principal Salary (Middle)	\$107,274	\$99,356
Average Principal Salary (High)	\$111,584	\$107,041
Superintendent Salary	\$123,952	\$148,555
Percent of Budget for Teacher Salaries	68%	?
Percent of Budget for Administrative Salaries	10%	?

<sup>\*</sup> For detailed information on salaries, see the CDE Certificated Salaries & Benefits webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/.

## IX. Student Performance

The Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) Program consists of several key components, including:

- California Standards Tests (CSTs), which include English-language arts (ELA) and mathematics in grades two through eleven; science in grades five, eight, and nine through eleven; and history-social science in grades eight, and nine through eleven.
- California Modified Assessment (CMA), an alternate assessment that is based on modified achievement standards in ELA for
  grades three through eleven; mathematics for grades three through seven, Algebra I, and Geometry; and science in grades five
  and eight, and Life Science in grade ten. The CMA is designed to assess those students whose disabilities preclude them from
  achieving grade-level proficiency on an assessment of the California content standards with or without accommodations.
- California Alternate Performance Assessment (CAPA), includes ELA and mathematics in grades two through eleven, and science
  for grades five, eight, and ten. The CAPA is given to those students with significant cognitive disabilities whose disabilities prevent
  them from taking either the CSTs with accommodations or modifications or the CMA with accommodations.

The assessments under the STAR Program show how well students are doing in relation to the state content standards. On each of these assessments, student scores are reported as performance levels.

For detailed information regarding the STAR Program results for each grade and performance level, including the percent of students not tested, see the CDE STAR Results Web site at http://star.cde.ca.gov.

Standardized Testing and Reporting Results for All Students - Three-Year Comparison

Cubinat	School			District			State		
Subject	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11
English-Language Arts	0	0	13	44	41	44	49	52	54
Mathematics	0	0	0	38	37	45	46	48	50
Science	0	0	0	51	54	48	50	54	57
History-Social Science	0	0	9	27	38	31	41	44	48

<sup>\*</sup> Scores are not shown when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy or to protect student privacy.

Standardized Testing and Reporting Results by Student Group - Most Recent Year

Standardized Testing and Reporting Results by St		Percent of Students Scoring at Proficient or Advanced							
Group	English- Language Arts	Mathematics	Science	History-Social Science					
All Students in the LEA	44	45	48	31					
All Student at the School	13	0	0	9					
Male	0	0	0	0					
Female	0	0	0	0					
Black or African American									
American Indian or Alaska Native									
Asian									
Filipino									
Hispanic or Latino	7	0	0	0					
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander									
White	0	0	0	0					
Two or More Races	0	0	0	0					
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	12	0	0	0					
English Learners	0	0	0	0					
Students with Disabilities									
Students Receiving Migrant Education Services									

<sup>\*</sup> Scores are not shown when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy or to protect student privacy.

# **California High School Exit Examination**

The California High School Exit Examination (CAHSEE) is primarily used as a graduation requirement. However, the grade ten results of this exam are also used to establish the percentages of students at three proficiency levels (not proficient, proficient, or advanced) in ELA and mathematics to compute AYP designations required by the federal ESEA, also known as NCLB.

For detailed information regarding CAHSEE results, see the CDE CAHSEE Web site at http://cahsee.cde.ca.gov/.

California High School Exit Examination Results for All Students - Three-Year Comparison

Cubicat	School		District			State			
Subject	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11
English-Language Arts		18		58	43	45	52	54	59
Mathematics		18		53	48	49	53	54	56

<sup>\*</sup> Scores are not shown when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy or to protect student privacy.

California High School Exit Examination Grade Ten Results by Student Group - Most Recent Year

California High School Exit Examination Grade Tel	,	sh-Language	•		Mathematics	
Group	Not Proficient	Proficient	Advanced	Not Proficient	Proficient	Advanced
All Students in the LEA	55	26	18	51	43	6
All Students at the School	0	0	0	0	0	0
Male	0	0	0	0	0	0
Female	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black or African American	0	0	0	0	0	0
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Filipino	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hispanic or Latino	0	0	0	0	0	0
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0
White	0	0	0	0	0	0
Two or More Races	0	0	0	0	0	0
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	0	0	0	0	0	0
English Learners	0	0	0	0	0	0
Students with Disabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0
Students Receiving Migrant Education Services	0	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>\*</sup> Scores are not shown when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy or to protect student privacy.

#### California Physical Fitness Test Results (School Year 2010-11)

The California Physical Fitness Test (PFT) is administered to students in grades five, seven, and nine only. This table displays by grade level the percent of students meeting the fitness standards for the most recent testing period. For detailed information regarding this test, and comparisons of a school's test results to the district and state, see the CDE PFT webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/pf/.

Grade	Percen	Percent of Students Meeting Fitness Standards						
Level	Four of Six Standards	Five of Six Standards	Six of Six Standards					
9	0	50	0					

<sup>\*</sup> Scores are not shown when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy or to protect student privacy.

# X. Accountability

#### **Academic Performance Index**

The Academic Performance Index (API) is an annual measure of state academic performance and progress of schools in California. API scores range from 200 to 1,000, with a statewide target of 800. For detailed information about the API, see the CDE API webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ap/.

#### Academic Performance Index Ranks - Three-Year Comparison

This table displays the school's statewide and similar schools' API ranks. The **statewide API rank** ranges from 1 to 10. A statewide rank of 1 means that the school has an API score in the lowest ten percent of all schools in the state, while a statewide rank of 10 means that the school has an API score in the highest ten percent of all schools in the state.

The **similar schools API rank** reflects how a school compares to 100 statistically matched "similar schools." A similar schools rank of 1 means that the school's academic performance is comparable to the lowest performing ten schools of the 100 similar schools, while a similar schools rank of 10 means that the school's academic performance is better than at least 90 of the 100 similar schools.

API Rank	2008	2009	2010
Statewide			В
Similar Schools			В

Academic Performance Index Growth by Student Group - Three-Year Comparison

Group	Actual API Change							
Group	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11					
All Students at the School		В						
Black or African American								
American Indian or Alaska Native								
Asian								
Filipino								
Hispanic or Latino								
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander								
White								
Two or More Races	N/D							
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged								
English Learners								
Students with Disabilities								

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;N/D" means that no data were available to the CDE or LEA to report. "B" means the school did not have a valid API Base and there is no Growth or target information. "C" means the school had significant demographic changes and there is no Growth or target information.

#### Academic Performance Index Growth by Student Group - 2011 Growth API Comparison

This table displays, by student group, the number of students included in the API and the 2011 Growth API at the school, LEA, and state level.

	2011 Growth API								
Group	Sch	ool	LE	A	State				
	# of Students	Growth API	# of Students	Growth API	# of Students	Growth API			
All Students at the School			1,139	723	4,683,676	778			
Black or African American			14	635	317,856	696			
American Indian or Alaska Native			24	624	33,774	733			
Asian			70	674	398,869	898			
Filipino			2		123,245	859			
Hispanic or Latino			513	668	2,406,749	729			
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander			6		26,953	764			
White			508	789	1,258,831	845			
Two or More Races			1		76,766	836			
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged			737	672	2,731,843	726			
English Learners			381	620	1,521,844	707			
Students with Disabilities			98	558	521,815	595			

## **Adequate Yearly Progress**

The federal ESEA requires that all schools and districts meet the following Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) criteria:

- · Participation rate on the state's standards-based assessments in ELA and mathematics
- Percent proficient on the state's standards-based assessments in ELA and mathematics
- API as an additional indicator
- Graduation rate (for secondary schools)

Detailed information about AYP, including participation rates and percent proficient results by student group, can be found at the CDE Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/.

#### Adequate Yearly Progress Overall and by Criteria (School Year 2010-11)

AYP Criteria	School	District
Made AYP Overall	Yes	No
Met Participation Rate: English-Language Arts	Yes	Yes
Met Participation Rate: Mathematics	Yes	Yes
Met Percent Proficient: English-Language Arts	Yes	No
Met Percent Proficient: Mathematics	Yes	No
Met API Criteria	N/A	Yes
Met Graduation Rate (if applicable)	N/A	No

#### Federal Intervention Program (School Year 2011-12)

Schools and districts receiving federal Title I funding enter Program Improvement (PI) if they do not make AYP for two consecutive years in the same content area (ELA or mathematics) or on the same indicator (API or graduation rate). After entering PI, schools and districts advance to the next level of intervention with each additional year that they do not make AYP. For detailed information about PI identification, see the CDE PI Status Determinations webpage: http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/tidetermine.asp.

 Indicator
 School
 District

 Program Improvement Status
 Not in PI
 In PI

 First Year of Program Improvement
 2009-2010

 Year in Program Improvement
 Year 3

 Number of Schools Currently in Program Improvement
 -- 3

 Percent of Schools Currently in Program Improvement
 -- 75

# XI. School Completion and Postsecondary Preparation

#### **Admission Requirements for California's Public Universities**

#### **University of California**

Admission requirements for the University of California (UC) follow guidelines set forth in the Master Plan, which requires that the top one-eighth of the state's high school graduates, as well as those transfer students who have successfully completed specified college course work, be eligible for admission to the UC. These requirements are designed to ensure that all eligible students are adequately prepared for University-level work.

For general admissions requirements, please visit the UC Admissions Information webpage at http://www.universityofcalifornia.edu/admissions/. (Outside source)

#### **California State University**

Eligibility for admission to the California State University (CSU) is determined by three factors:

- Specific high school courses
- · Grades in specified courses and test scores
- · Graduation from high school

Some campuses have higher standards for particular majors or students who live outside the local campus area. Because of the number of students who apply, a few campuses have higher standards (supplementary admission criteria) for all applicants. Most CSU campuses have local admission guarantee policies for students who graduate or transfer from high schools and colleges that are historically served by a CSU campus in that region. For admission, application, and fee information see the CSU webpage at http://www.calstate.edu/admission/admission.shtml. (Outside source)

**Dropout Rate and Graduation Rate** 

Indicator		School		District			State		
Indicator	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
Dropout Rate (1-year)	7.1	16.1	14.3	2.8	5.6	2.7	4.9	5.7	4.6
Graduation Rate	87.0			87.0	85.03	78.87	80.21	78.59	80.44

<sup>\*</sup> The National Center for Education Statistics graduation rate as reported in AYP is provided in this table.

#### **Completion of High School Graduation Requirements**

This table displays, by student group, the percent of students who began the 2010-11 school year in grade twelve and were a part of the school's most recent graduating class, meeting all state and local graduation requirements for grade twelve completion, including

having passed both the ELA and mathematics portions of the CAHSEE or received a local waiver or state exemption.

2	Graduating Class of 2011						
Group	School	District	State				
All Students			N/D				
Black or African American			N/D				
American Indian or Alaska Native			N/D				
Asian			N/D				
Filipino			N/D				
Hispanic or Latino			N/D				
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander			N/D				
White			N/D				
Two or More Races			N/D				
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged			N/D				
English Learners			N/D				
Students with Disabilities			N/D				

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;N/D" means that no data were available to the CDE or LEA to report.

## Career Technical Education Programs (School Year 2010-11)

This section provides information about Career Technical Education (CTE) programs including:

- · Programs and classes offered that are specifically focused on career preparation and or preparation for work
- How these programs and classes are integrated with academic courses and how they support academic achievement
- How the school addresses the needs of all students in career preparation and/or preparation for work, including needs unique to
  defined special populations of students
- The measurable outcomes of these programs and classes, and how they are evaluated
- State the primary representative of the district's CTE advisory committee and the industries represented on the committee

We do not offer Career Technical Education courses at our school.

# Career Technical Education Participation (School Year 2010-11)

Measure	CTE Program Participation
Number of pupils participating in CTE	na
% of pupils completing a CTE program and earning a high school diploma	na
% of CTE courses sequenced/articulated between the school/institutions of postsecondary education	na

Courses for University of California and/or California State University Admission (School Year 2009-10)

UC/CSU Course Measure	Percent
Students Enrolled in Courses Required for UC/CSU Admission	44.1
Graduates Who Completed All Courses Required for UC/CSU Admission	0

**Advanced Placement Courses (School Year 2010-11)** 

Subject	Number of AP Courses Offered	Percent of Students In AP Courses
Computer Science	0	
English	0	
Fine and Performing Arts	0	
Foreign Language	0	
Mathematics	0	
Science	0	
Social Science	0	
All courses	0	0

# XII. Instructional Planning and Scheduling

#### **Professional Development**

This section provides information on the number of days provided for professional development and continuous professional growth in the most recent three year period. Questions that may be answered include:

- What are the primary/major areas of focus for staff development and specifically how were they selected? For example, were student achievement data used to determined the need for professional development in reading instruction?
- What are the methods by which professional development is delivered (e.g., after school workshops, conference attendance, individual mentoring, etc.)?
- How are teachers supported during implementation (e.g., through in-class coaching, teacher-principal meetings, student performance data reporting, etc.)?

Teachers take time each year to improve their teaching skills and to extend their knowledge of the subjects they teach. A total of five inservice days were taken to provide training and support.

"HIGHLY QUALIFIED" TEACHERS: The federal law known as No Child Left Behind (NCLB) requires districts to report the number of teachers considered to be "highly qualified." These "highly qualified" teachers must have a full credential, a bachelor's degree, and, if they are teaching a core subject (such as reading, math, science, or social studies), they must also demonstrate expertise in that field. The table above shows the percentage of core courses taught by teachers who are considered to be less than "highly qualified." There are exceptions, knownas the High Objective Uniform State Standard of Evaluation (HOUSSE) rules, that allow some veteran teachers to meetthe "highly qualified" test who wouldn't otherwise do so.

TEACHING OUT OF FIELD: When a teacher lacks a subject area authorization for a course she is teaching, that course is counted as an out-of-field section. For example, if an unexpected vacancy in a biology class occurs, and a teacher who normally teaches English literature (and who lacks a subject area authorization in science) fills in to teach for the rest of the year, that teacher would be teaching out of field. See the detail by core course area in the Out-of-Field Teaching table. About 94 percent of our core courses were taught by teachers who were teaching out of their field of expertise, compared with 33 percent of core courses taught by such continuation high school teachers statewide.

CREDENTIAL STATUS OF TEACHERS: Teachers who lack full credentials are working under the terms of an emergency permit, an internship credential, or a waiver. They should be working toward their credential, and they are allowed to teach in the meantime only if the school board approves. None of our teachers was working without full credentials, compared with five percent of teachers in continuation high schools statewide.